

Law 101: Constitutional Law I

This course deals with definition of constitution and constitutional law, nature of constitutional law, its relation with other disciplines, origins and evolution of constitutions, their types, expiry and constitutionality of laws. Further, the course examines nature of state, its elements, types and legal attributes in addition to political power and examples of political systems in contemporary world.

Law 102: Introduction to Law I

This basic course deals with English Legal System as one of the principal legal systems in the world. The introductory part of this course deals with definition of Law, its main division the general characteristics of English Law. Part two covers the main and subsidiary sources of English Law, court system and legal profession. The last part of the course examines basic legal concepts.

Law 103: Criminal Law I (general principles)

This course discusses in depth of general theory of criminal responsibility starting with definition of criminal law, its main characteristics and general principles for its application including the principles of legality and territoriality. Crime and its elements in addition to the general and specific offences and exceptions of criminal responsibility will be with in detail. Sanctions, attempt and criminal joint in addition to abetment and similar acts will also be discussed.

Law 104: Introduction to Islamic Jurisprudence

This course defines sharia, distinguishing it from fiqh (Islamic Jurisprudence) examining the development of Islamic legislation in the time of the Prophet (PBH), the Companions, time of codifications, jurisprudential schools of Fiqh, time of imitation to the modern time or the so-called renaissance with emphasis on the role of modern jurisprudential academics. Further, the course examines the Sources of Islamic jurisprudence, some basic jurisprudential concepts regarding property, criminology & penology etc.

Law 105: Introduction to Law II

This course offers an overview of this historical background of the legal system of Sudan during different periods in addition to the contemporary legal system. Other topics cover the sources of law in the Sudan. The Judiciary. Ministry of Justice, Court system (civil & criminal), legal profession, legal education and legal writing.

Law 106: Constitutional Law II

This course deals with the constitutional and political development in the Sudan since the reconquest of Sudan in 1899 up-to- date, the period of the condominium from 1898 to 1956- the Advisory Council for the Northern Sudan – the Executive Council – the Legislative Assembly – Sudan accord and self Government Act- The Post Independence Period the Provisional Constitution 1956-up to the Comprehensive peace Agreement (CPA), the Constitution 2005.

Law 107: Criminal Law II (specific crimes)

This course shall focus on the specific crimes as provided for in Sudan Criminal Act. The study shall be in the same order provided for in the Act. Examples are: crimes against the state, offences relating to public tranquility, offences affecting persons and human body and offences against property.

Law 208: Law of Contract I

The objective of this course is to assist the student to acquire knowledge and understanding of the general principles of the law of contract. This includes definition and classification of contract, the formation of contractual relationship, contractual capacity, vitiating factors including mistake, misrepresentation and duress. Further the course covers the other main elements of the contract (i.e. subject-matter and cause of contract) and questions pertaining to the validity of contracts.

Law 209: Islamic Political theory

السياسة الشرعية

يهدف هذا المقرر للتعريف بالسياسة الشرعية الدستورية مبيناً السلطات العامة في الإسلام والخلافة.

يشمل المقرر

- * السياسة الخارجية والقواعد التي بنيت عليها السياسة الشرعية الدستورية.
- * أحكام الإسلام السلمية والحربية.
- * السياسة المالية للدولة الإسلامية.

Law 210: LOGIC

The science of reasoning or of the operation of the understanding which are subservient to estimation of evidence. The term includes both the itself of proceeding from known trusts to unknown and all other intellectual operations, in so as auxilliary to this.

LIGICAL RELEVANCY. Existence of such a relationship in logic between the fact of which evidence is offered and a fact in issue that the extence of the former renders probable or impobable the existenceof the letter. State v. Knox, 236 Iowa 499, 18 N.W.2d 716, 723.

Law 211: Islamic Family Law

الأحوال الشخصية للمسلمين

يتناول المقرر:

- * فقه الأحوال الشخصية للمسلمين في القانون السوداني مقارناً بأراء الفقهاء في المسائل الهامة.
 - * التعريف بعقد الزواج مبيناً حكمه تشريعه وأركانه وشروطه وأقسامها.
 - * المحرمات من النساء والولاية في الزواج والكفاءة والوكالة.
 - * حقوق الزوجين والأولاد.
- كما يتناول هذا المقرر:
- * الطلاق وأحكامه وأثاره.
 - * التفريق بيد القاضي.
 - * أحكام العدة.
 - * نفقة الأقارب.

Law 212: Criminal Procedure

This course seeks address the questions of criminal procedure and the scope its application. The course deals with the structure and powers of criminal courts, Prosecution Attorney Bureau, criminal police and the rules of jurisdiction. Further, the course deals with criminal suit the investigative process, initiation of the criminal suit, powers Prosecution Attorney, rules regulating summons, detention and security, in addition to trial and judgment. Lastly, the course examines the procedures of confirmation, appeal, execution, pardon, remission of conviction and penalty.

Law 213: Human Rights Law

The aim of this course is to have students consider legal, philosophical and sociological underpinnings of humanrights. The course covers:

Meaning and classification of himan rights- constitutional position of human right under Sudanese constitutional system and legislation – detailed analisis of fundamental human rights and of selected problem areas – National, region and International protection of human rights.

Law 214: Law of contract II

The objective of this course is to acquaint the student with the rules governing the effects of the contract, stipulation, construction, dissolution and the remedies for breach of contract.

Law 215: Personal Property Law

An examination of the general characteristics of the law of personal property including definition and classification, rules governing transfer of ppersonal property, bailment, pledge, mortgage, negotiable instrument, recovery of lost and stolen proprty and bankruptcy.

Law 216: Islamic civil Transactions

This course aims at explaining the Islamic view of property, the lawful means whereby property is acquired and the means of protection and restriction there of. It also deals with the property of contract in Islamic jurisprudence, rules relating to some other contracts. Like sale, lease, gift and speculation.

Law 217: Law of Agency

An overview of the contract of agency , its formation, condition of its validity, types of procurration and agency, effects of agency including obligations of the agent and of the principal and expiry of the agency contract.

Law 218: Law of Partnership

This course acquaints the student with the definition, nature and formation of parnnership. Its also covers the relations of parners *inter se* and their relations with third parties, dissloution of partnership and some types of partnership.

Law 219: Law of Evidence

This course is an examination of the foundation of the law of evidence in civil and criminal trials in Sudan. The principles, rules status and procedures are examined from a critical perspective with emphasis on the history, rationale and reform of rules and status affectingthe admissibility of evidence. The topics examined are admissibility, relevance, burden and standard of proof, admissions, testimony of witnesses, documents, cognecy of evidence,oath, viewing, export opinion, proof *Hudud* offences and corroboration.

Law 319: Environmental Law

This course gives the student a brief and a general idea about the environment and its types, definition of environmental law and some other selected issues in international environmental law will be of great concern. In addition national legislations and regulations will also be examined.

Law 320: Public International Law

This basic course in Public International Law includes the following topics: The nature, function and relevance of international law, the structure of the international community, sources of international law, relationship between international and municipal law, recognition of state and governments, jurisdiction, territory, state responsibility, international treaties, law of diplomacy, law of the sea settlement of disputes.

Law 321: Law of Tortious Liability

Principles of liability for personal acts will be main focus of this course. This includes the basic elements of tortious liability (fault, harm and causation). In addition, questions of liability arising out of things, personal occupational and professional harm and vicarious liability will also be considered.

Law 322: Introduction to Economics

This course shall focus on the basic economics problem, its nature and element, classification of the economic resources and characteristics of the major economic systems. Market forces of supply and the national income are of great concern. Further, other basic areas in the national economy relating to policies and finance as international economics will also be considered.

Law 323: Sale of Goods

This course is confined to the legal issue arising out of the contract of sale of goods. It includes the definition of the contract of sale, obligations of seller and buyer and remedies for breach of contract of sale.

Law 324: Law of Insurance

This course will provide students with an introduction to the general principles of insurance law. It will include an overview of the history and practice of insurance, the formation of contract of insurance, fundamental issue of insurability, the requirement of insurable interest, the construction of insurance contract, the scope of cover, warranties and conditions, the claims process, subrogation and reinsurance.

Law 325: Banking Law

The aim of this course is to acquaint the student with the core principles of banking law. It covers: the meaning of bank and banking business, its regulation, supervision of banks and role of the Central Bank in addition to the dual banking system. Further, the course deals with the banker customer relationship, negotiable instrument, documentary letters of credit and the role of bank's securities for banker's advances in addition to termination of the banker customer relationship.

Law 326: Civil Procedure I

A chronological study of the procedural steps rules and related substantive law in a civil action from the moment of the decision to sue to the trial. In this course the civil action is examined through a focus on principles of Jurisdiction, summons, pleadings and judgment.

Law 326: Civil Procedure II

This course aims to acquaint the student with an outline of the rules governing objection against judgments and execution in civil cases. Part one of the course is devoted to ways and proceedings of objection against judgments, powers and jurisdiction of civil courts.

Part two of the course is on execution. It covers the general provisions relating to execution, its types, disputes to execution, stay of execution and power of court in execution. Further, the course deals with sale of attached movable and immovable property in addition to execution of foreign judgment by Sudanese courts.

Law 327: Islamic Law of Inheritance, Waqfs, Wills and Gifts.

These topics covered in this course include: inheritance, waqfs (endowment), wills and Gifts.

Law 328: Law of International Organizations

The course deals with international organizations in terms of international legal personality, applicable law, functions, membership, financing and decision-making. Further, the course discusses the formation and functions of the United Nations and its specialized agencies in addition to other regional organizations such as African Union, Arab League and European Union.

Law 329: Legal Research and Writing

This course aims to provide students with an introduction to skills and legal research methodology in order to understand the range of available sources and can use and apply them to a legal problem. The course introduces students to the research guidance, provide them the skills to research and write up a dissertation and/or research paper and the mode of presentation.

Law 330: Law of Intellectual Property

This course comprises the general principles of intellectual property law, its importance, sources and types (patents, trade marks, industrial design, copyright and neighboring rights) in addition, new emerging areas of intellectual property will be considered, e.g. Traditional knowledge, folklore, Biotechnology and new plant varieties.

Law 331: Land Law

This course covers: definition of ownership – its kinds – restrictions – methods of acquisition – grants of usufruct of lands – easements – rights derived from the right of ownership- mortgage – privileges – land settlement and registration in Sudan – physical planning and disposition of lands.

Law 432: Principles of Islamic Jurisprudence

This course includes an introduction to principles of Islamic jurisprudence, the legal sources of sharia including those agreed upon and those not agreed upon, in addition to Islamic legal rules and the linguistic fundamental bases of Islamic jurisprudence.

Law 433: Company Law

This course considers the company as a separate legal person and the differences between companies and other business organization, the formalities involved in establishing a company, the processes through which a company is administered and financed the allocation of responsibility and powers among company personnel and its winding up.

Law 434: Private International Law I

This course acquaints the student with the general principles of private international law or conflict of laws & analysis and resolution of legal problems in which the facts of the case and/or the parties involve more than one country namely: jurisdiction of the courts, choice of law to be applied in civil cases to enable the student to learn how to characterize a legal issue determine which country's law should govern the issue.

Law 434: Private International Law II

This course deals with recognition and enforcement of foreign judgments. Using cases primarily from torts, contract, property and matrimonial causes, the student learns how to evaluate the significance of factors that may influence recognition and enforcement of foreign judgment.

Law 435: Administrative Law

This course covers: definition of administrative law, its development in Sudan and the scope of application. It compares between Sudanese system of administrative law and continental system. Administrative action, Its classification and requirement will also be considered. Further, the course examines the prescribed for judicial review of administrative actions before competent courts as well as the procedure of appeal and powers of such courts.

Law 436: Jurisprudence I

This course examines the subject-matter of jurisprudence and offers an overview of historical, doctrinal and philosophical perspective that have influenced the development of law and its role. Topics include: nature of jurisprudence-definition and relevance- meaning of law and an overview of the most important jurisprudential schools of natural law, positivism and the pure theory of law.

Law 438: International Humanitarian Law

This course deals with international humanitarian law, examining its nature evolution, sources, principles, scope of its application and enforcement. Rules and customs of war, types of armed conflicts in addition to international protection

provided for certain categories under Geneva Convention 1949 and its additional protocols including the wounded, the sick, the shipwrecked, the civilians and POWs.

The second part of the course deal with fundamentals of International Criminal law including its substantive and procedural rules. This shall cover international and transnational crimes, in addition to the fundamentals of international criminal responsibility and its consequences.

Law 439: Energy Law

This course focus on the principles and legal models used in the regulation of and contracting for production and distribution of petrol, in an international and comparative perspective. One central issue will be jurisdiction and ownership of oil resource and the allocation of protection rights, through licensing or concession systems, joint venture and product sharing agreement etc. Distribution of energy and the energy market will be another main issue. Environmental problems of oil production and distribution will be given strong emphasis. Reducing the regulatory barriers use of renewable energy, and the use of economic instruments to encourage greater uptake will be examined. Special taxation problems related to energy will also be covered.

Law 440: Jurisprudence II

This course will focus on some selected problems of legal philosophy like law and morality, theories of justice and reasonableness. Further, realism in addition to modern trends in analytical and anthropological jurisprudence will also be considered.

Law 441: ARBITRATION

The submission for determination of disputed matter to private unofficial persons selected in manner provided by law or agreement. *Stockwell v. Equitable Fire & Marine Ins. Co.*, 25 P. 2d 873, 134 Cal. App 534. The substitution of their award or decision for judgment of a court. *In re Curtis – Castles Arbitration*, Conn 501, 30 A. 769, 42 Am. St. Rep. 200.

Law 442: Labour Law

This course acquaints the student with rules governing labour relations. It covers historical development of labour law in Sudan, conclusion of the contract of employment, its classification and how it is distinguished from other similar contract. Further, the rules governing children and woman employment, the obligations of the parties to the contract of employment and its expiry will also be dealt. Lastly special consideration will be given to labour disputes and the stages of settlement of labour disputes.